## Name:

**1.** A piece of wire is parameterized by  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle \cos(t), \sin(t), t \rangle$  for  $0 \le t \le 2\pi$  and with density  $\delta = z^2$ . Compute the mass of the wire.

$$\vec{r}'(E) = (-sh(E), cos(E), 1)$$

$$\|\|\tilde{r}(E)\|^2 = \sin^2(E) + \cos^2(E) + 1 = 2$$

$$\int \delta ds = \int \frac{2\pi}{\xi^2} \int \frac{1}{2} d\xi = \frac{1}{2\xi^2} \int \frac{2\pi}{\xi^2} = \frac{852\pi^3}{3}$$

**2.** The vector field  $\mathbf{F} = \langle 3x^2y - y, 2y + x^3 - x \rangle$  is conservative. Find a potential for it.

$$f_{x} = 3_{x}^{2} - (7) = 7 \quad f = x^{3} - xy + g(y)$$
$$= 5 \quad f_{y} = x^{3} - x + g'(y)$$
But  $f_{y} = 2_{y} + x^{3} - x = 7 \quad g'(y) = 2_{y}$ 
$$= 7 \quad g(y) = y^{2} + 7$$

$$f(x,y) = x^3y - xy + y^2 + 7$$

**3.** Compute the line integral  $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$  where  $\mathbf{F} = \langle xy, x \rangle$  and where *C* is the portion of the curve  $y = x^2$  with  $-1 \le x \le 1$ .

F(E)= (E, E27 ř(E)= (1,2E>  $\vec{F}(\vec{F}(t)) = \langle t, t^2, t \rangle$  $\vec{F}(\vec{r}(\epsilon)) \cdot \vec{r}'(\epsilon) = \epsilon^3 + 7\epsilon^2$  $\int \vec{F} d\vec{r} = \int t^3 + 2\vec{E} dt$  $= \frac{t^{4}}{4} \frac{2t^{3}}{3}$