Name:

ID:

1. Consider the vector $\mathbf{v} = \langle -2, 4, 1 \rangle$. Find its length.

Solutions

$$\|\vec{v}\| = \int (-2)^{2} + 4^{2} + 1^{2}$$
$$= \int 4 + 16 + 1$$
$$= \int 21$$

2. For the same vector **v**, find a vector **u** pointing in the same direction but that has length 10.

$$\vec{u} = 10 \cdot \frac{\vec{v}}{\|\vec{v}\|} = \frac{10}{\sqrt{21}} \langle -2, 4, 1 \rangle$$

$$= \left\langle -\frac{20}{\sqrt{21}}, \frac{40}{\sqrt{21}}, \frac{10}{\sqrt{21}} \right\rangle$$

3. Find the angle between the vectors $\mathbf{v} = \langle -2, 4, 1 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{w} = \langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle$. Your answer will use an inverse trig function. That's ok! It might help to notice that the vector \mathbf{v} is the same as in the previous two problems.

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{w} = \| \vec{\nabla} \| \| \vec{w} \| \cos \Theta$$

$$= 7 \cos \Theta = \frac{\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{w}}{\|\vec{\nabla}\| \| \vec{w} \|}$$

$$\| \vec{v} \| = \int z I, \quad \|\vec{u}\| = \int \overline{z} + \overline{z} + \sigma z = \int z$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{u} = -2 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 0 = 2$$

$$\Theta = \operatorname{arccos}\left(\frac{2}{Jz_{1}Jz}\right) = \operatorname{arccos}\left(\frac{2}{Jz_{1}}\right)$$

4. A large lamp is suspended from the ceiling from two cables and is therefore subjected to three forces: gravitational force \mathbf{F}_g and two tension forces \mathbf{F}_1 and \mathbf{F}_2 in the cables. The lamp has a mass of 102kg and therefore $\mathbf{F}_g = \langle 0, 0, -1000 \rangle$ N. One of the cables provides a tension force $F_1 = \langle 0, -400, 700 \rangle$ N. The lamp is in static equilibrium. What is the value of \mathbf{F}_2 ?

$$\vec{F}_{g} + \vec{F}_{i} + \vec{F}_{z} = \vec{O}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{F}_{z} = -(\vec{F}_{g} + \vec{F}_{i})$$

$$\vec{F}_{g} + \vec{F}_{i} = \langle 0, 0, 1000 \rangle + \langle 0, -400, 700 \rangle$$

$$= \langle 0, -400, -300 \rangle$$

$$\overline{F}_2 = \langle 0, \frac{400}{2}, 300 \rangle$$