

$$\langle S_1 \cup S_2 \mid R_1 \cup R_2 \rangle \sim \langle S_1 \mid R_1 \rangle * \langle S_2 \mid R_2 \rangle$$

$$\langle F(S_1 \cup S_2) \mid \overline{R_1 \cup R_2} \rangle$$

$$\hookrightarrow s_i \in S_1$$

$$\langle F(S_1) \mid \overline{R_1} \rangle$$

$$s_i \text{ mod } \overline{R_1}$$

Free product

$$\ast_{a \in I} G_a$$

Free group (on certain elements)



$$F(\sigma) = \{ (\sigma, n) : n \in \mathbb{Z} \}$$

$$\sigma^n \leftrightarrow (\sigma, n)$$

$$\sigma^n \cdot \sigma^m = \sigma^{n+m} = (\sigma, n+m)$$

$$\ast_{\sigma \in S} F(\sigma)$$

$$\mathbb{Z}$$

$$\phi(\sigma^n) = n$$

$$\sigma^n = 1 \Leftrightarrow n = 0$$

$$F(s) \quad |s| \geq 2$$

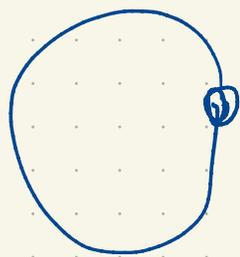
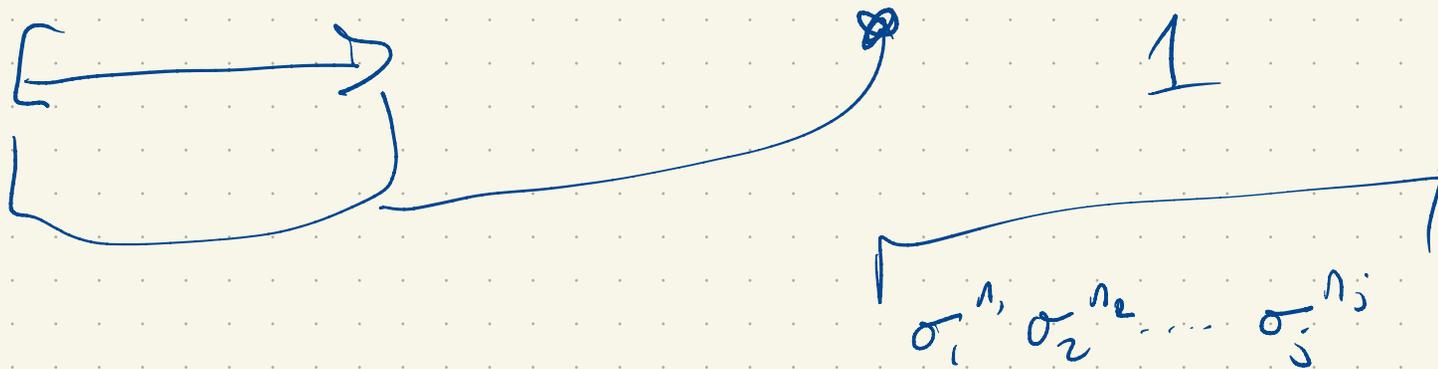
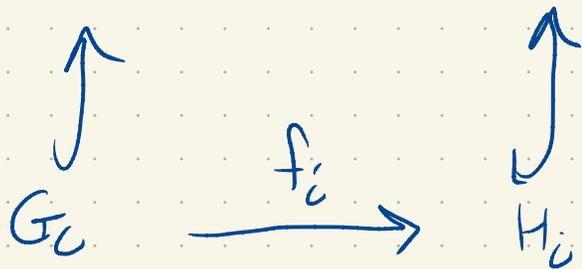
$$s \sim s'$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\leftarrow}$$

$$F(s) \sim F(s^*)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} G_1 & & G_2 \\ f_1 \downarrow & & \downarrow f_2 \\ H_1 & & H_2 \end{array}$$

$$G_1 * G_2 \longrightarrow H_1 * H_2$$



$$\sigma_c \neq \sigma_{c+1}$$

$$n_c \neq 0 \quad \forall c$$

$$F(S) \xrightarrow{\phi} \langle S | R \rangle \rightarrow H$$

$$\pi_1(U, \rho) \sim \langle S_1 | R_1 \rangle$$

$$\pi_1(V, \rho) \sim \langle S_2 | R_2 \rangle$$

$$\pi_1(UNV, \rho) \sim \langle S_3 | R_3 \rangle$$

Claim $\pi(X, \rho) \sim \langle S_1 \cup S_2 | R_1 \cup R_2 \cup R' \rangle$

To describe R' :

Take $s \in S_3$.

$$s \rightarrow [\gamma_s]_{UNV} \xrightarrow{L_x} [\gamma_s]_U \rightarrow \alpha_s \overline{R_1}$$

$\alpha_s \in K(S_1)$

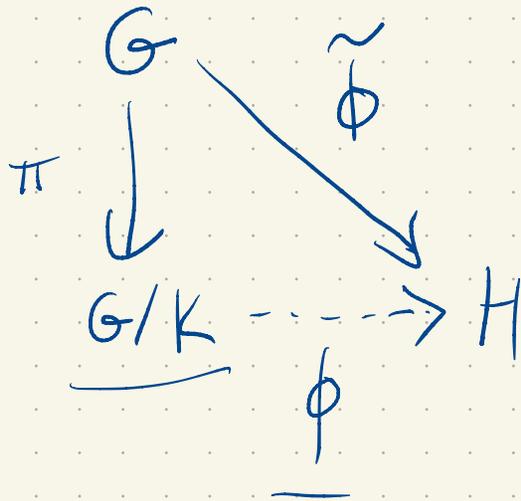
$$\mathfrak{g} \rightarrow [\mathfrak{g}_s]_{\text{UNU}} \xrightarrow{j^*} [\mathfrak{g}_s]_V \rightarrow \beta_s \bar{k}_2$$

$\beta_s \in F(S_2)$

$$R' = \left\{ \alpha_s \beta_s^{-1} : s \in S_3 \right\}$$

$K \triangleleft G$

$k \in K$



$$\tilde{\phi}(K) = \{1_H\}$$

$$\ker \tilde{\phi} \supseteq K$$

$$\phi(\pi(g)) := \tilde{\phi}(g)$$

$$\pi(g_1) = \pi(g_2) \Rightarrow g_1 = g_2 k$$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi(g_1) &= \tilde{\phi}(g_2 k) \\ &= \tilde{\phi}(g_2) \underbrace{\tilde{\phi}(k)}_1 \end{aligned}$$

Special cases:

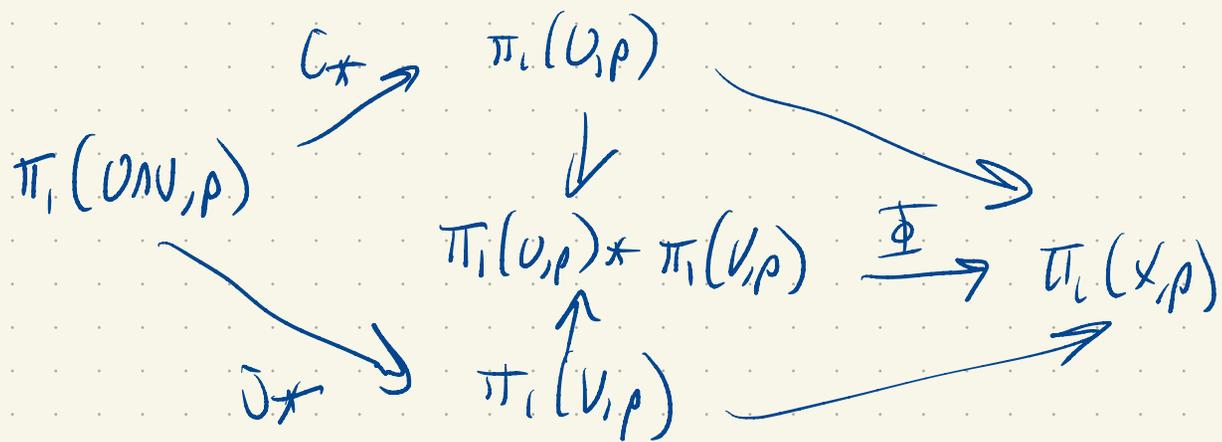
1) If $U \cap V$ is simply connected

$$\pi_1(X, p) \simeq \langle S_1 \cup S_2 \mid R_1 \cup R_2 \rangle$$

2) If V is simply connected

$$\pi_1(X, p) \simeq \langle S_1 \mid R_1 \cup R' \rangle$$

$$R' = \left\{ \alpha_s : s \in S_3 \right\} \text{ as above}$$

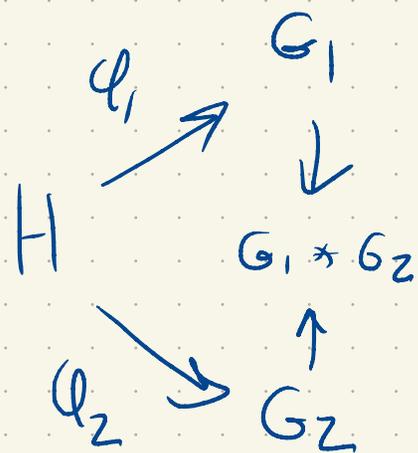


$$\ker \overline{\Phi} = \overline{\mathcal{C}}$$

$$\mathcal{C} = \left\{ \bar{c}_* \gamma (\partial_* \gamma)^{-1} : \gamma \in \pi_1(\partial U, \rho) \right\}$$

Φ is surjective

$$\ker \overline{\Phi} = \overline{\mathcal{C}}$$



"amalgamated free product"

$$G_1 *_{\mathcal{H}} G_2 \cong \frac{G_1 * G_2}{\langle \varphi_1(h) \varphi_2(h)^{-1} : h \in \mathcal{H} \rangle}$$

Claim

$$G_1 = \langle S_1 \mid R_1 \rangle$$

$$G_2 = \langle S_2 \mid R_2 \rangle$$

$$H = \langle S_3 \mid R_3 \rangle$$

$$\text{then } G_1 *_{\mathcal{H}} G_2 \cong \langle S_1 \cup S_2 \mid R_1 \cup R_2 \cup R' \rangle$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 s \in S_3. \quad \varphi_1(s) = \alpha_s \overline{R_1} \\
 \varphi_2(s) = \beta_s R_2 \\
 R' = \{ \alpha_s \beta_s^{-1} : s \in S_3 \}
 \end{array}$$

Lemma: $\mathcal{C}' = \{ \varphi_1(s) \varphi_2(s)^{-1} : s \in S_3 \}$

$$\mathcal{C} = \{ \varphi_1(h) \varphi_2(h)^{-1} : h \in H \}$$

Claim: $\overline{\mathcal{C}} = \overline{\mathcal{C}'}$

Key step If $s \in S_3$ then $\varphi_1(s^{-1}) \varphi_2(s^{-1})^{-1} \in \overline{\mathcal{C}'}$.

$$\varphi_1(s)^{-1} \varphi_1(s) \varphi_2(s)^{-1} \varphi_1(s) \in \overline{\mathcal{C}'}$$

$$\varphi_2(s)^{-1} \varphi_1(s) \in \overline{\mathcal{C}'}$$

$$(\varphi_1(s)^{-1} \varphi_2(s))^{-1} \in \overline{\mathcal{C}'}$$

$$\varphi_1(s)^{-1} \varphi_2(s) \in \overline{\mathcal{C}'}$$

"

$$\varphi_1(s^{-1}) \varphi_2(s^{-1})^{-1}$$

Remainder: up to you!

Exercise 9.4b)

$$\langle S_1 | R_1 \rangle * \langle S_2 | R_2 \rangle \sim \langle S_1 \cup S_2 | R_1 \cup R_2 \rangle$$

$$s \in S_1 \quad \overline{s, R_1} \rightarrow s, \overline{R_1 \cup R_2}$$

Exercise 9.5

$$S, R \subseteq F(S)$$

$$R' \subseteq F(S)$$

$$\pi: F(S) \rightarrow \langle S | R \rangle$$

$$\langle S | R \rangle / \overline{\pi(R')} \sim \langle S | R \cup R' \rangle$$

goal: $G_1 *_{H} G_2 \sim \langle S_1 \cup S_2 \mid R_1 \cup R_2 \cup R' \rangle$

$$G_1 *_{H} G_2 = \langle S_1 \mid R_1 \rangle * \langle S_2 \mid R_2 \rangle / \bar{C}$$

$$= \underbrace{\langle S_1 \mid R_1 \rangle * \langle S_2 \mid R_2 \rangle / \bar{C}'}_{\textcircled{A}}$$

Now $\langle S_1 \mid R_1 \rangle * \langle S_2 \mid R_2 \rangle \sim \langle S_1 \cup S_2 \mid R_1 \cup R_2 \rangle$

$$C' = \{ (\alpha_s \bar{R}_1) (\beta_s \bar{R}_2)^{-1} : s \in S_3 \}$$

↓

$$C'' = \{ (\alpha_s \overline{R_1 \cup R_2}) (\beta_s \overline{R_1 \cup R_2})^{-1} : s \in S_3 \}$$

$$\textcircled{A} \sim \left[\langle S_1 \cup S_2 \mid R_1 \cup R_2 \rangle / C'' \right] \rightarrow \textcircled{B}$$

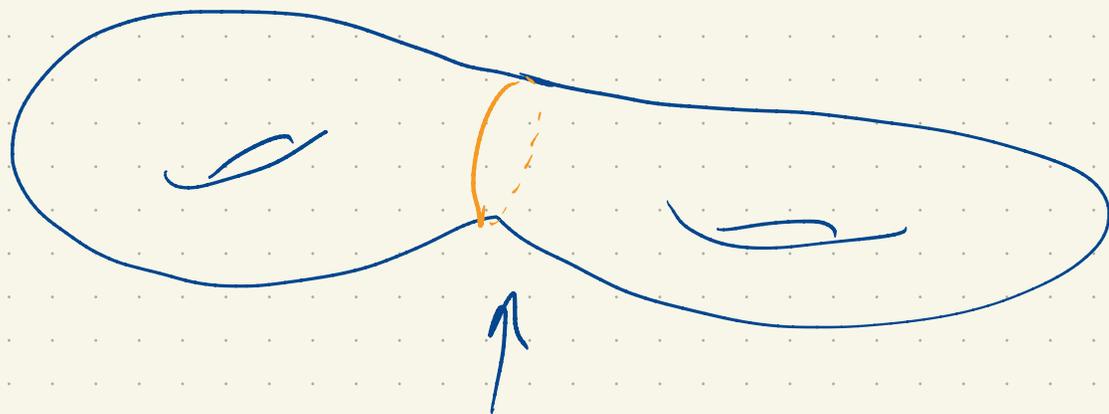
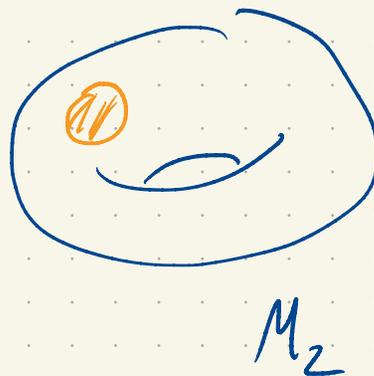
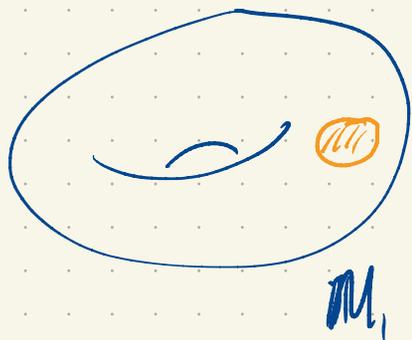
$$C'' = \pi \left(\left\{ \alpha_s \beta_s^{-1} : s \in S_3 \right\} \right).$$

$$\pi : F(S_1 \cup S_2) \rightarrow \langle S_1 \cup S_2 \mid R_1 \cup R_2 \rangle$$

$$\textcircled{B} \sim \langle S_1 \cup S_2 \mid R_1 \cup R_2 \cup R' \rangle$$

$$R' = \left\{ \alpha_s \beta_s^{-1} : s \in S_3 \right\}.$$

New construction



$M_1 \# M_2$

connected sum,

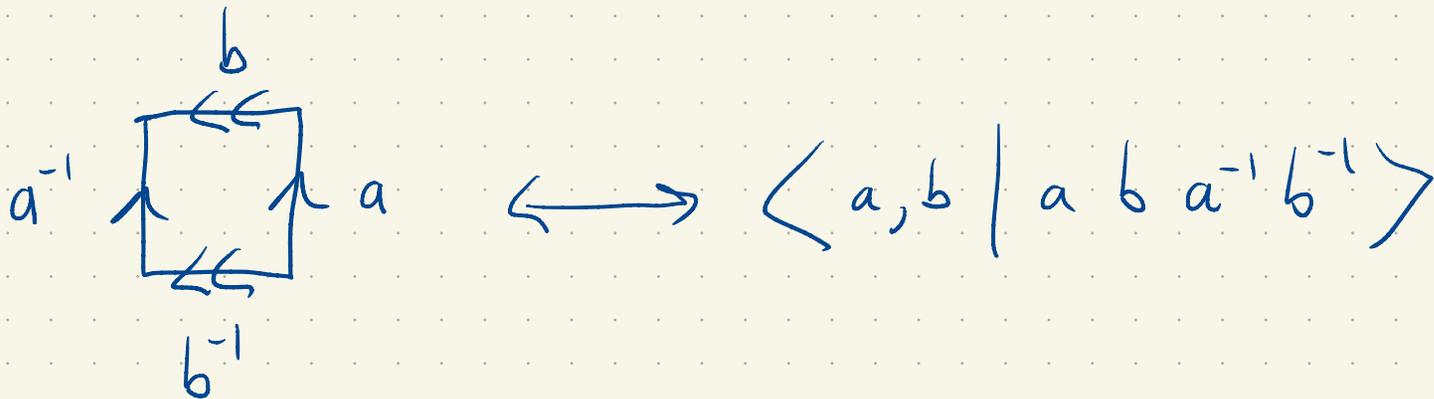
It is a manifold.

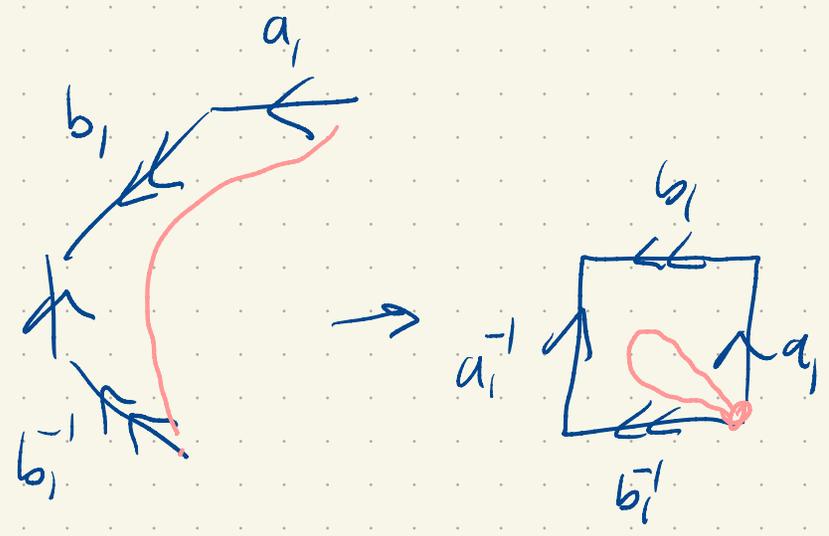
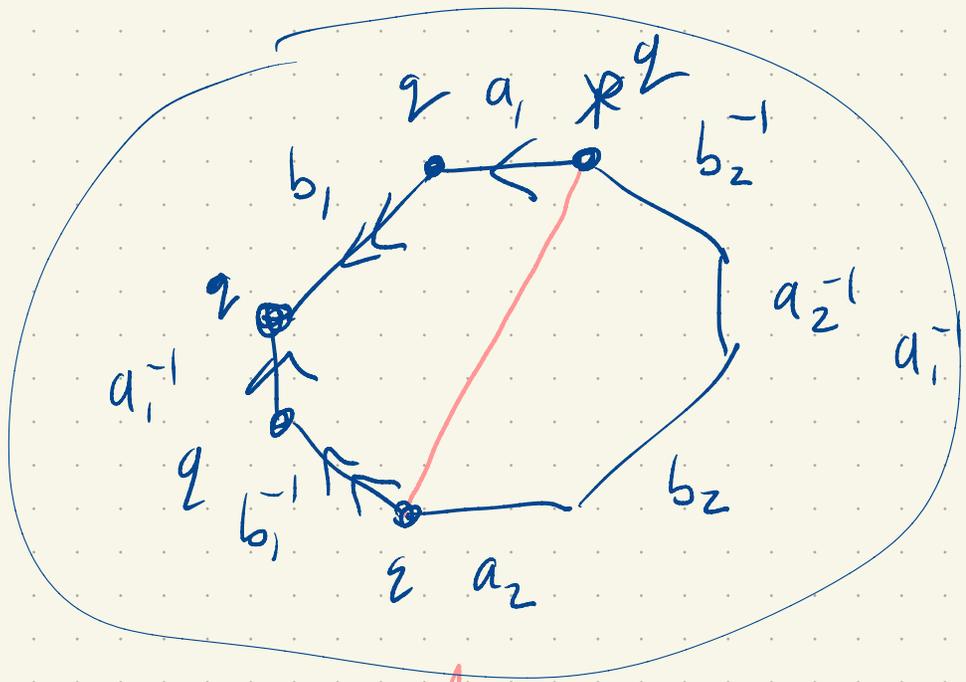
Every compact 2-manifold is homeomorphic
to one of

a) S^2

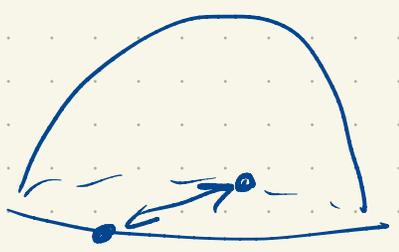
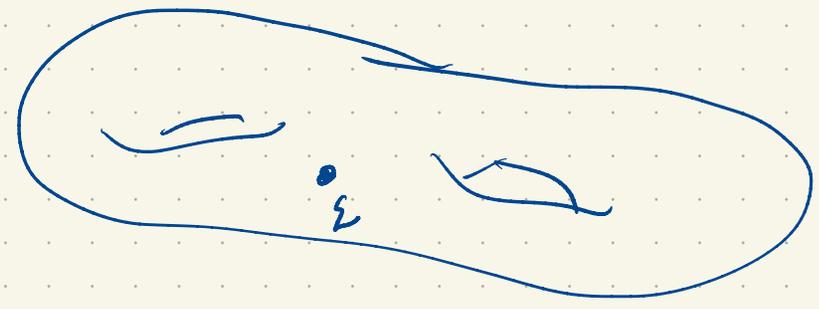
b) $\mathbb{T}^2 \# \dots \# \mathbb{T}^2$

c) $\mathbb{P}^2 \# \dots \# \mathbb{P}^2$

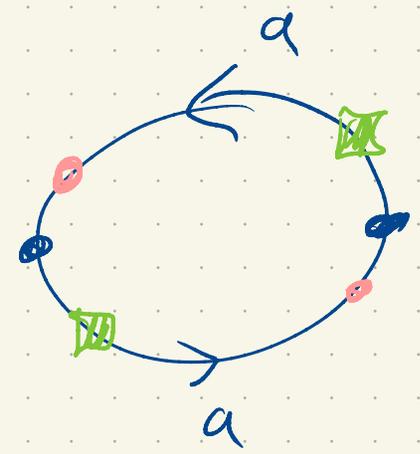


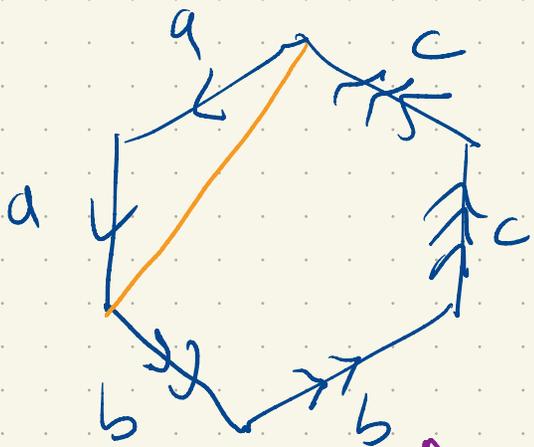


$\mathbb{T}^2 \# \mathbb{T}^2$

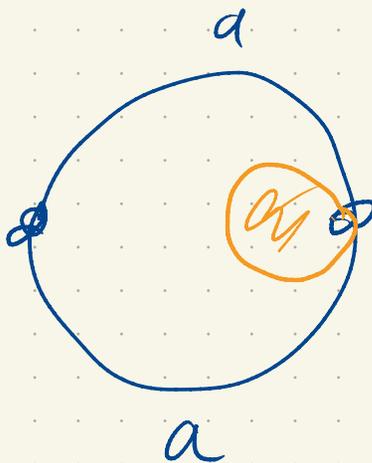


$\sim \mathbb{P}^2$

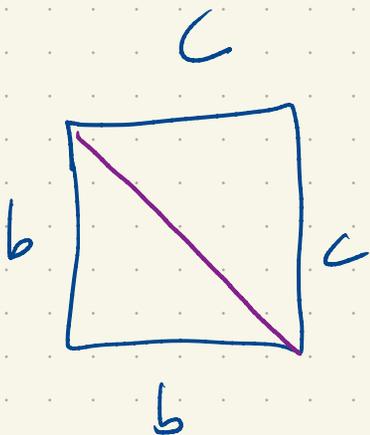




$\langle a, b, c \mid a^2 b^2 c^2 \rangle$

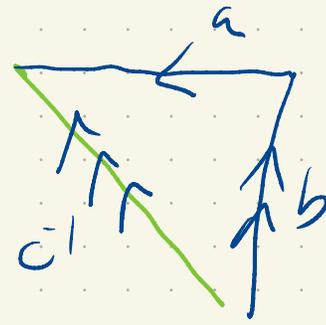
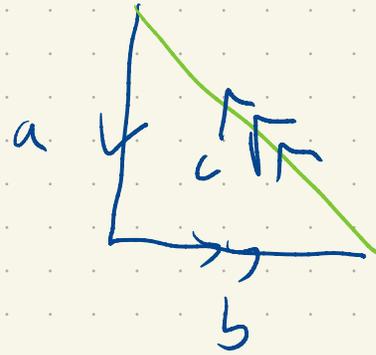
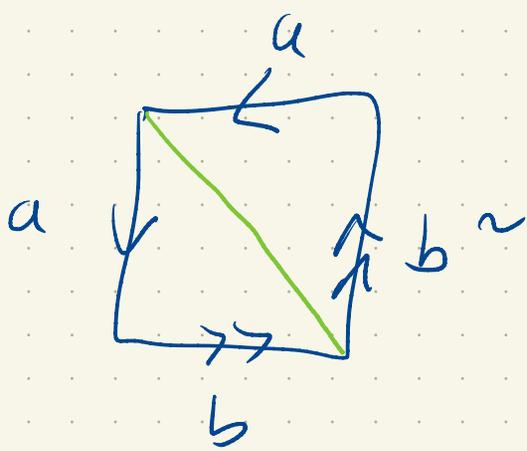


$P^2 \# P^2 \# P^2$

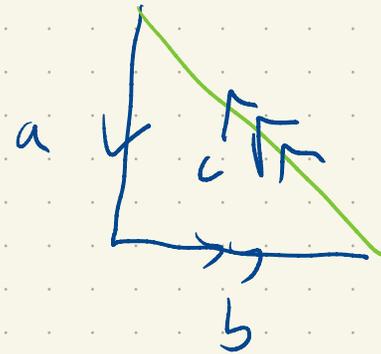
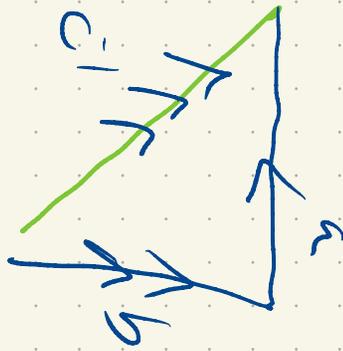


$P^2 \# P^2$

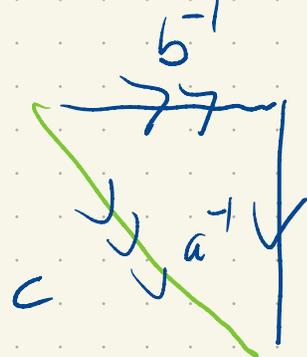


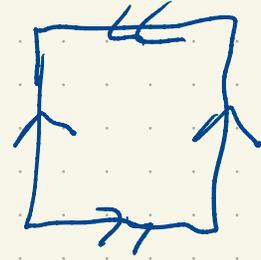
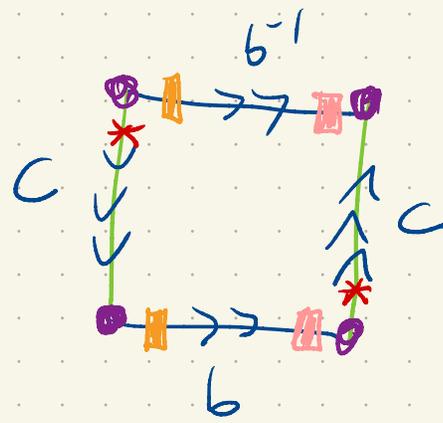


Σ



Σ





$$\mathbb{P}^2 \# \mathbb{T}^2 \rightarrow$$

$$\mathbb{P}^2 \# K$$

$\&$

$$\mathbb{P}^2 \# \mathbb{P}^2 \# \mathbb{P}^2$$

