1. Henle 11.17

You are welcome to use the formulas for arclength and area on page 120.
2. Henle 13.3
3.
a) Find a plane through the origin that contains the points $(1,2,3)$ and $(1,1,1)$.
b) Doing no real work, find a line through the origin that is the intersection of the plane $x+2 y+3 z=0$ with the plane $x+y+z=0$.
4. Consider the diagram below of a triangle in a plane, drawn in perspective. Fill the plane with triangular tiles. (Half a rectangle is a triangle....)

5. An abstract projective plane concerns abstract quantities points and lines and a relation on that satisfy the following axioms:

- Any two distinct points are on a unique line.
- Any two distinct lines are on a unique point.
- There exist a set of four points, no three of which are on the same line.

We will prove that $\mathbb{R} P^{2}$ satisfies 1) and 2 ). Show that it also satisfies 3 ).
6. Henle 13.11

