

- $\sin(\theta) = b/c$
- $\cos(\theta) = a/c$
- $\tan(\theta) = \sin(\theta) / \cos(\theta) = b/a$.



- On the unit circle, $(x, y) = (\cos(\theta), \sin(\theta))$ and $\tan(\theta) = y/x$
- y = f(x) + c is a vertical shift of y = f(x); y = 0 becomes y = c.
- y = f(x c) is a horizontal shift of y = f(x); *c* is the new zero.
- y = Af(x) scales the graph of y = f(x) in the *y*-direction; y = 1 becomes y = A.
- y = f(x/A) scales the graph of y = f(x) in the *x* direction, and *A* is the new 1