The goal of the first part is to estimate the area under the curve $y=\frac{1}{2} x^{2}+1$ and above the $x$-axis on the interval $[0,2]$.


1. Use $n=4$ rectangles with right-hand endpoints. Overestimate or underestimate?

2. Use $n=4$ rectangles with left-hand endpoints. Overestimate or underestimate?

3. From your last two answers, give your best estimate for the area.
4. Use $n=4$ rectangles with midpoints. Overestimate or underestimate?

5. Use $n=10$ rectangles with midpoints.

6. Suppose the odometer on our car is broken and we want to estimate the distance driven over a 1.5 hour time period. We take speedometer readings every 15 minutes and then record them in the table below. Estimate the distance traveled by the car. What method are you using?

| Time (minutes) | 0 | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Velocity (mi/h) | 17 | 21 | 24 | 29 | 32 | 31 | 28 |

7. Oil leaked out of a tank at a rate of $r(t)$ liters per hour. The rate decreased as time passed and values of the rate at 2 hour time intervals are shown in the table. Estimate how much oil leaked out. What method are you using? Is it an overestimate or an underestimate.

| $\mathrm{t}(\mathrm{h})$ | 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{r}(\mathrm{t})(\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{h})$ | 8.7 | 7.6 | 6.8 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 5.3 |

