1. A ball is tossed straight up into the air. It has a velocity at time t = 0 seconds of 5 meters per second. It undergoes a constant acceleration due to gravity of -9.8 meters per second per second, m/s<sup>2</sup>. The height of the ball can be written in the form

$$h(t) = at + bt^2$$

where h is measured in meters, time is measured in seconds, and a and b are certain constants.

- 1. Determine the values for the constants.
- 2. What is the height of the ball at time t = 0? At t = 1?
- 3. At what times is the ball at height 0?
- 4. What is the average velocity of the ball over the time interval [0.2, 0.21]?
- 5. What is the average velocity of the ball over the time interval [0.2, 0.201]?
- 6. What is the instantaneous velocity of the ball at time t = 0.2?
- 7. At what time *t* is the ball motionless?
- 8. What is the velocity of the ball at time t = 0? At t = 0.1? At t = 1?

**2.** A stone is thrown in a pond and a circular ripple travels outward at a speed of 60 cm/s. Determine the rate of change of area inside the ripple at time t = 1 second and at time t = 2 seconds.

**3.** A current is passing through a wire. The amount of charge that has passed by a measuring point on the wire at time *t* is

$$Q(t) = te^{-t}$$

for t > 0. Here, the charge Q is measured in Coulombs (which is a count of the number of electrons) and time t is measured in seconds.

Determine the current in the wire at time t = 0 and t = 2 seconds. Current is measured in Coulombs per second, and one Coulomb per second is known as an Ampere (an amp).

**4.** A population of bacteria starts at 500 cells and doubles every 30 minutes. Find a function P(t) that describes this situation. Then compute the rate of change of the bacteria population at time t = 60 minutes.

5. A one-meter rod has non uniform mass. The mass of the rod from one end to distance *x* along it is

$$m(x) = x + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x}$$

where mass is measured in grams and x is in centimeters.

- 1. What is the total mass of the rod?
- 2. What is the mass of the first half of the rod? The second half?
- 3. What is the average density (in grams/centimeter) of the first half of the rod?
- 4. What is the density of the rod at x = 30 centimeters?

6. A population of caribou is growing, and its population is

$$P(t) = 4000 \frac{3e^{t/5}}{1 + 2e^{t/5}}.$$

1. What is the population at time t = 0?

2. Determine the rate of change of the population at any time *t*.

3. Determine the rate of change of the population at time t = 0 years.

4. Determine the long term population.