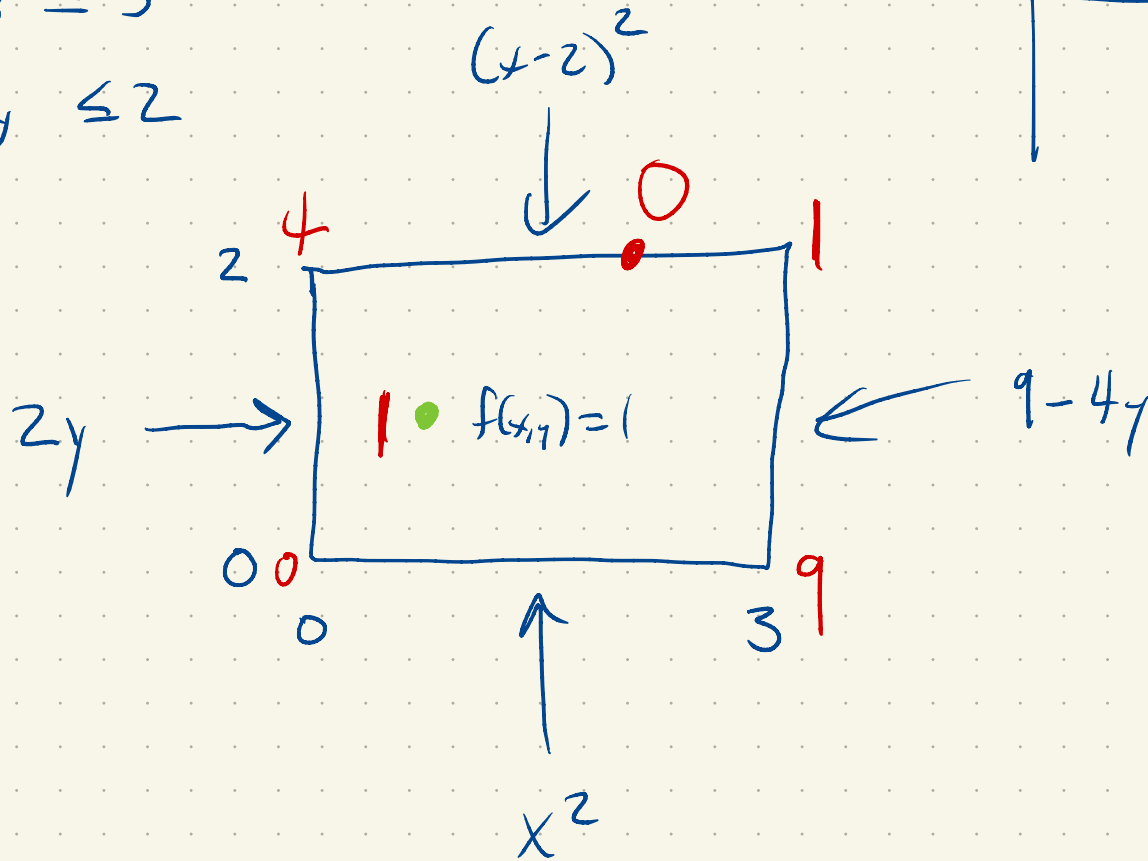
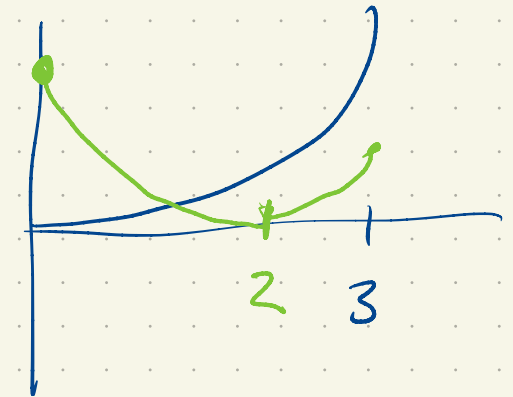


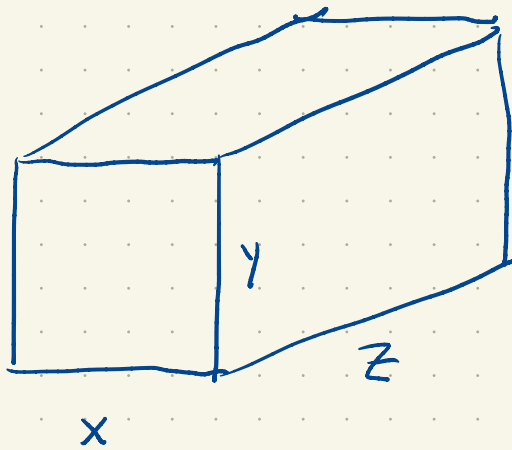
$$f(x, y) = x^2 - 2xy + 2y$$

$$0 \leq x \leq 3$$

$$0 \leq y \leq 2$$



Lagrange Multipliers



Volume $V = xyz$

girth $x + y + x + y = 2x + 2y$

length z

Restriction girth + length ≤ 108 in

$$2x + 2y + z \leq 108$$

Maximize volume of a shippable box.

$$2x + 2y + z = 108 \quad] \text{ constraint}$$

Maximize $V = xyz$ subject to this constraint

Easier example:

Minimize $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$

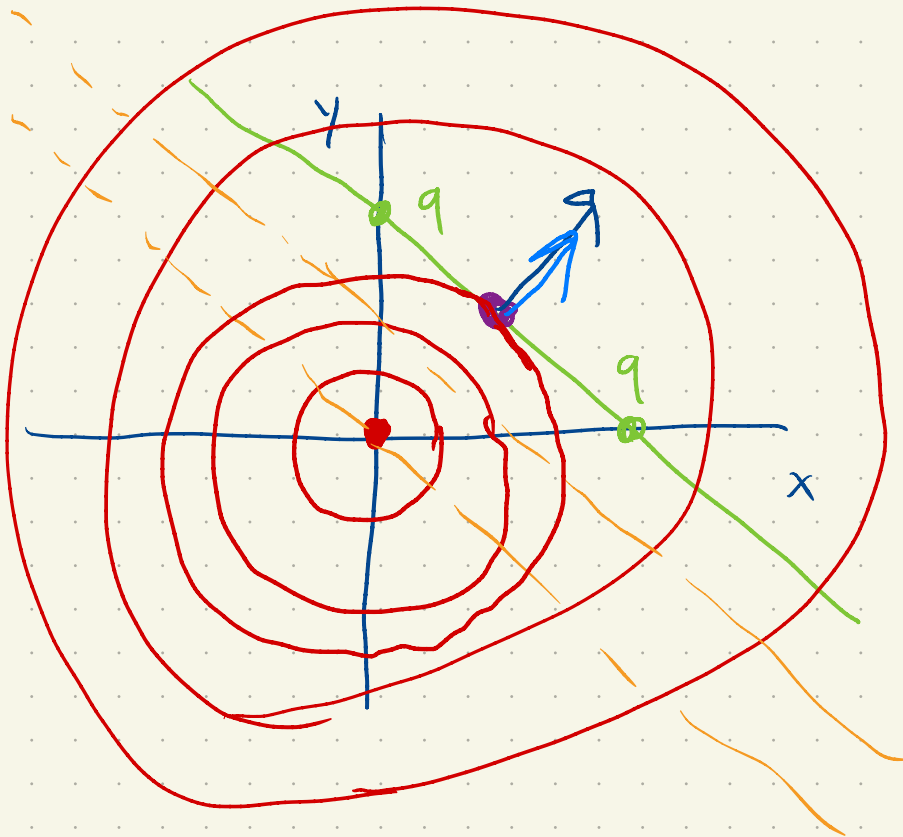
subject to

$$x + y = 9$$



$$g(x, y)$$

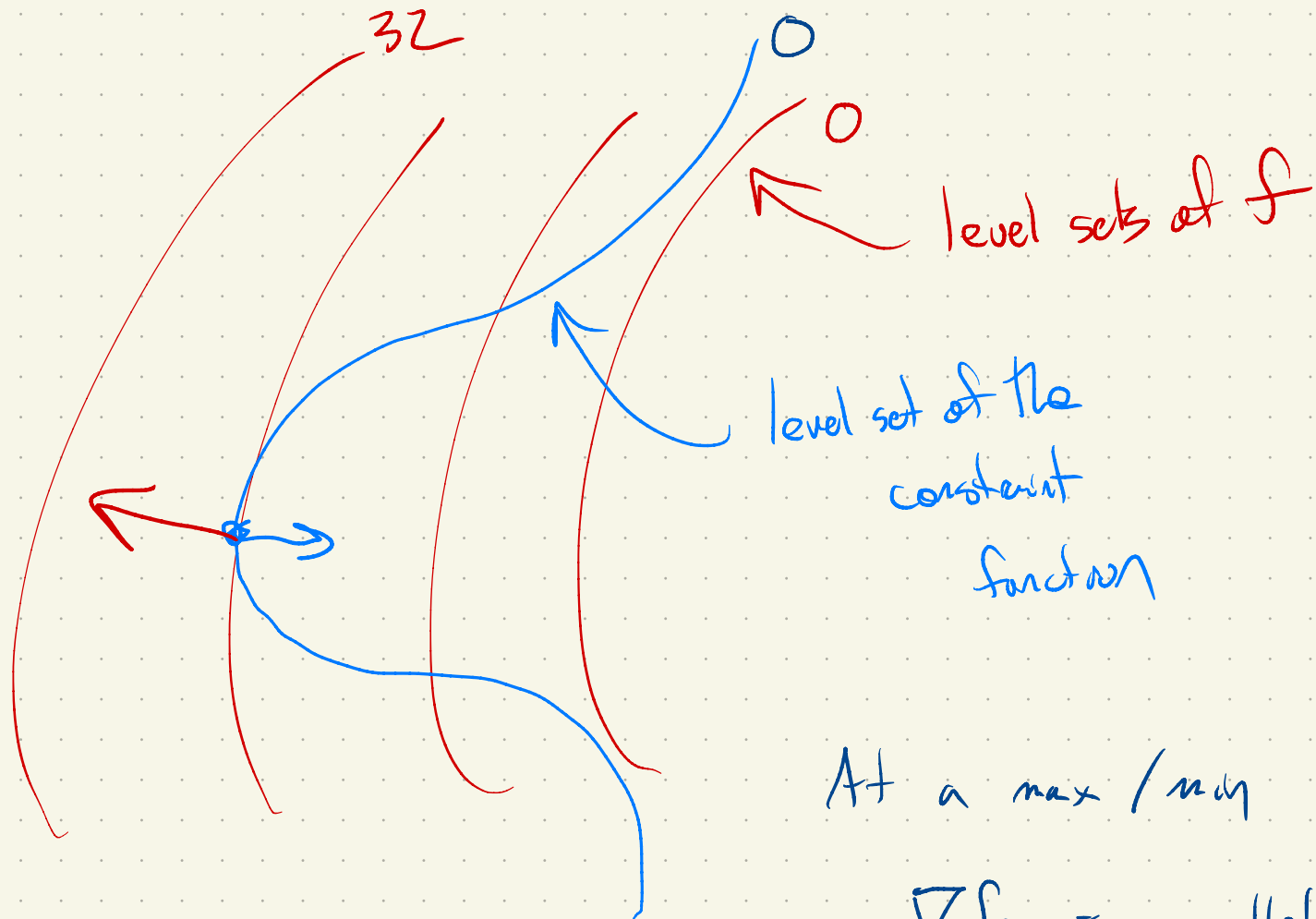
constraint
function



$$g(x, y) = 0$$

$$x + y = 0$$

$$y = -x$$



At a max/min

∇f is parallel to ∇g

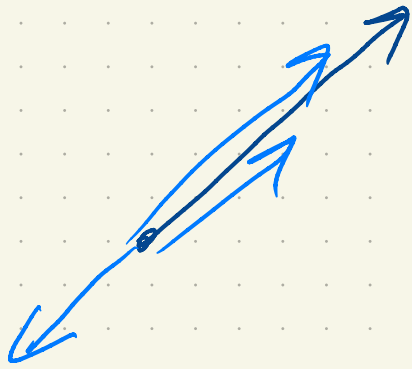
Looking for (x_0, y_0) where

1) ∇f is parallel to ∇g at (x_0, y_0)

2) $g(x_0, y_0) = q$

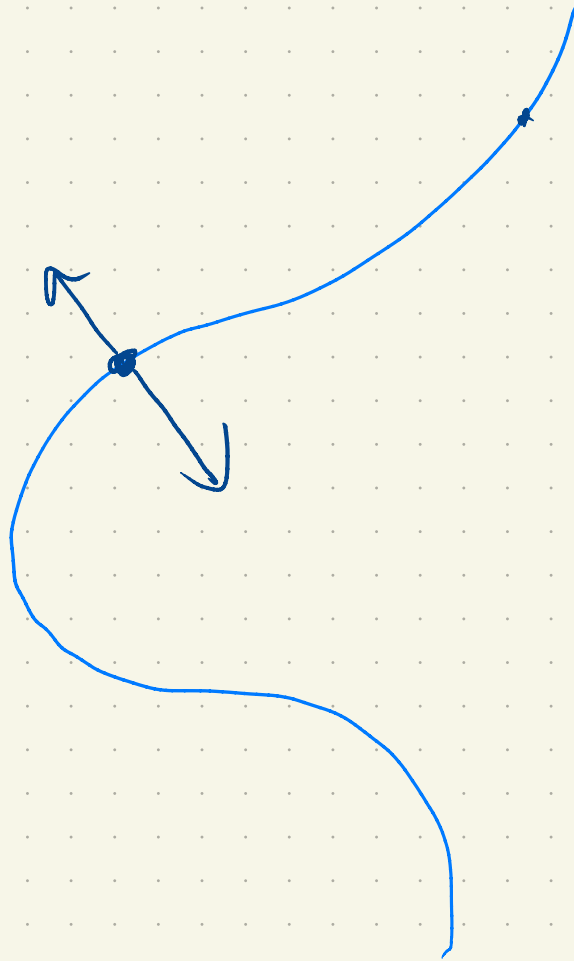
$$f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$$

$$g(x, y) = x + y$$



$$\vec{\nabla} f(x_0, y_0) = \lambda \vec{\nabla} g(x_0, y_0)$$

↳ Lagrange Multiplier



$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x_0, y_0) = \lambda \frac{\partial g}{\partial x}(x_0, y_0)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x_0, y_0) = \lambda \frac{\partial g}{\partial y}(x_0, y_0)$$

$$g(x_0, y_0) = q$$

$$f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$$

$$g(x, y) = x + y$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2y$$

$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial x} = 1 \quad \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} = 1$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x_0, y_0) = \lambda \frac{\partial g}{\partial x}(x_0, y_0)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x_0, y_0) = \lambda \frac{\partial g}{\partial y}(x_0, y_0)$$

$$g(x_0, y_0) = 9$$

$$2x = \lambda \cdot 1$$

$$2y = \lambda \cdot 1$$

$$x + y = 9$$

$$2x = \lambda \Rightarrow x = \lambda/2$$

$$2y = \lambda \Rightarrow y = \lambda/2$$

$$x + y = 9 \Rightarrow \frac{\lambda}{2} + \frac{\lambda}{2} = 9 = \lambda = 9$$

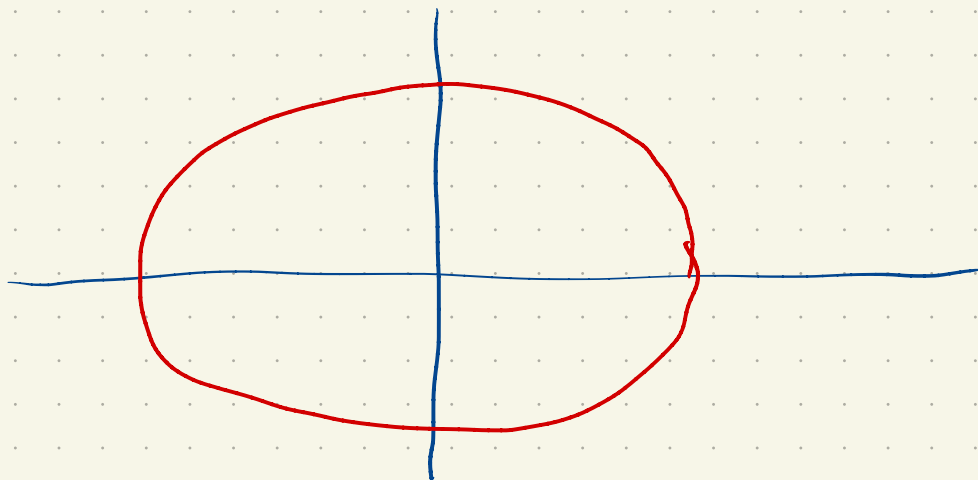
$$\Rightarrow x = 9/2$$
$$y = 9/2$$

$$f\left(\frac{9}{2}, \frac{9}{2}\right) = \frac{9^2}{4} + \frac{9^2}{4} = 2 \cdot \frac{81}{4} = \frac{81}{2}$$

↑
min value.

$$f(x, y) = x^2 + 4y^3$$

Find min/max of f on the ellipse $x^2 + 2y^2 = 1$



$$g(x, y) = x^2 + 2y^2$$

$$x + y = 9$$

$$g(x, y) = x + y$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 12y^2$$

$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial x} = 2x$$

$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial y} = 4y$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \lambda \frac{\partial g}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \lambda \frac{\partial g}{\partial y}$$

$$g(x, y) = 1$$

$$2x = \lambda 2x$$

$$12y^2 = \lambda 4y$$

$$x^2 + 2y^2 = 1$$

$$2x = 2\lambda x$$

$$x(\lambda - 1) = 0$$

↓

$$x = 0 \text{ or } \lambda = 1$$

$$\lambda = 1 \quad 12y^2 = 4y \Rightarrow 3y^2 = y \Rightarrow y = 0 \text{ or } y = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$x^2 + 2y^2 = 1$$

$$y = 0 \Rightarrow x^2 = 1 \Rightarrow x = \pm 1$$

$$y = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow x^2 + \frac{2}{9} = 1 \Rightarrow x = \pm \frac{\sqrt{7}}{3}$$

$$(1, 0), (-1, 0), \left(\frac{\sqrt{7}}{3}, \frac{1}{3}\right), \left(-\frac{\sqrt{7}}{3}, \frac{1}{3}\right) \quad \lambda = 1$$

$$x=0 \Rightarrow 0^2 + 2y^2 = 1 \Rightarrow y^2 = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow y = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\left(0, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \quad \left(0, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

