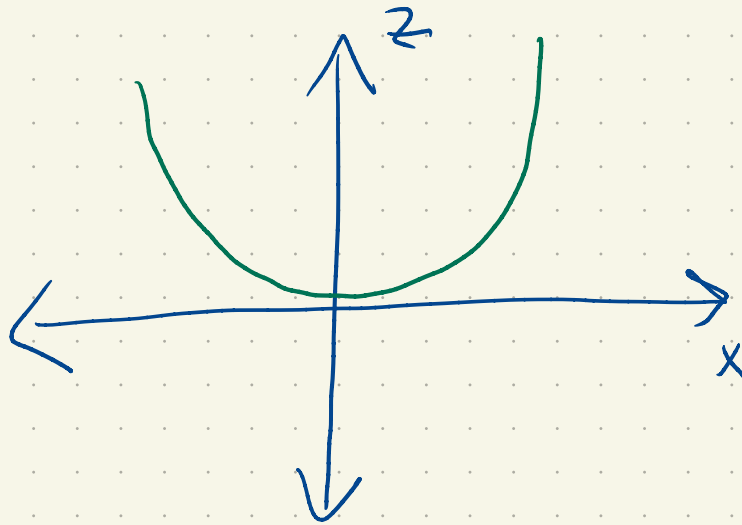


Last class:  $z = x^2 - y^2$

$$y = \sin(\alpha)$$

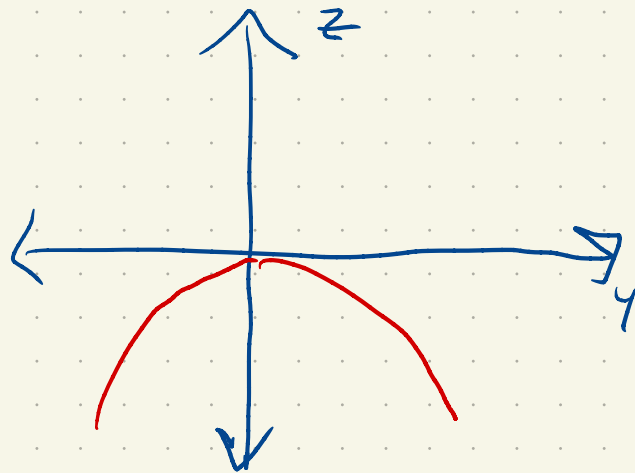
$z$ - $x$  plane ( $y=0$ )

$$z = x^2 - 0^2$$



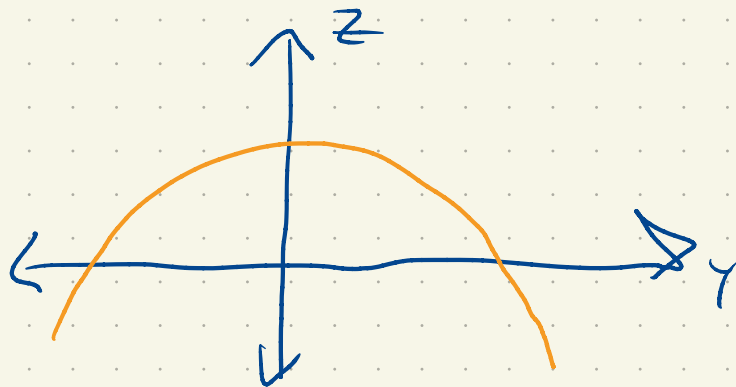
$z$ - $y$  plane ( $x=0$ )

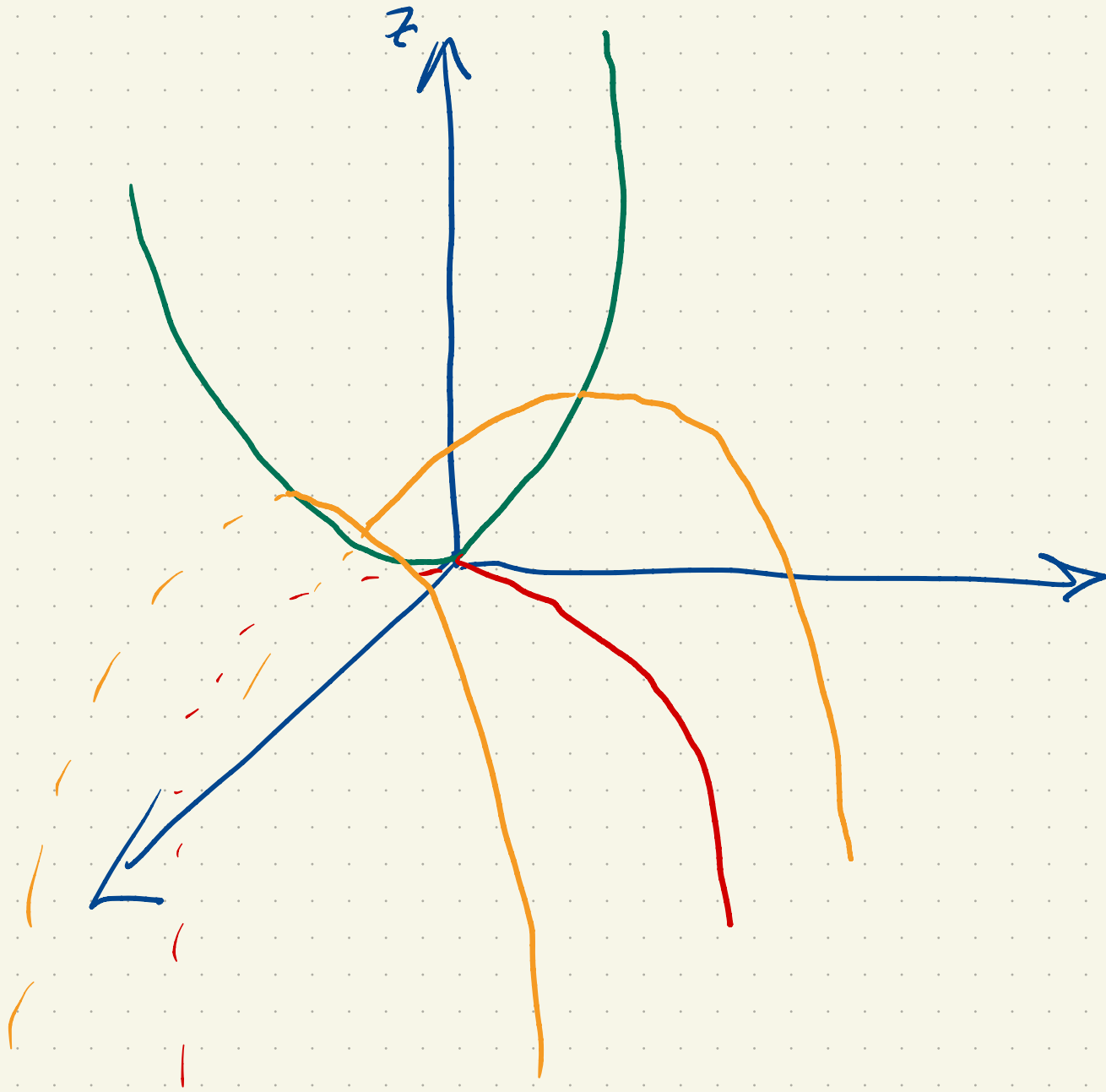
$$z = -y^2 + 0^2$$



plane  $x=1$ :  $z = 1 - y^2$

$$x=-1 \quad z = 1 - y^2$$





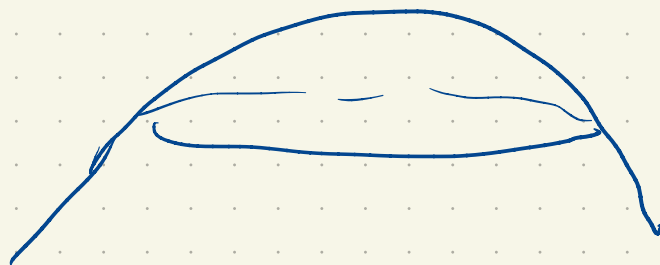
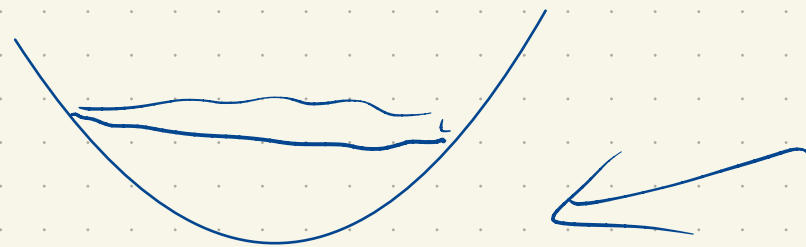
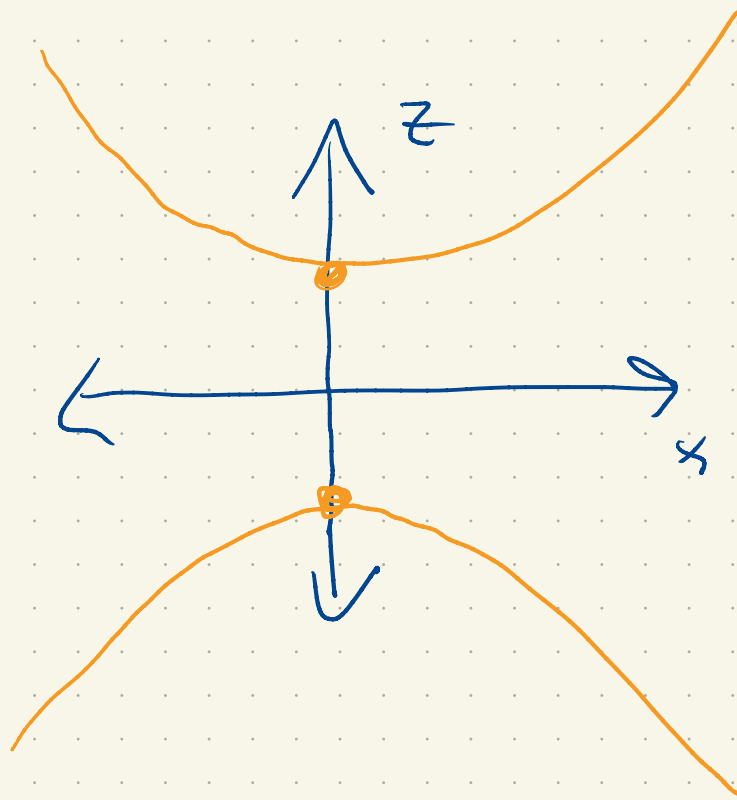
$$z^2 - x^2 - y^2 = 1$$

$z-x$  plane ( $y=0$ )

$$z^2 - x^2 = 1$$

$z-y$  plane ( $x=0$ )

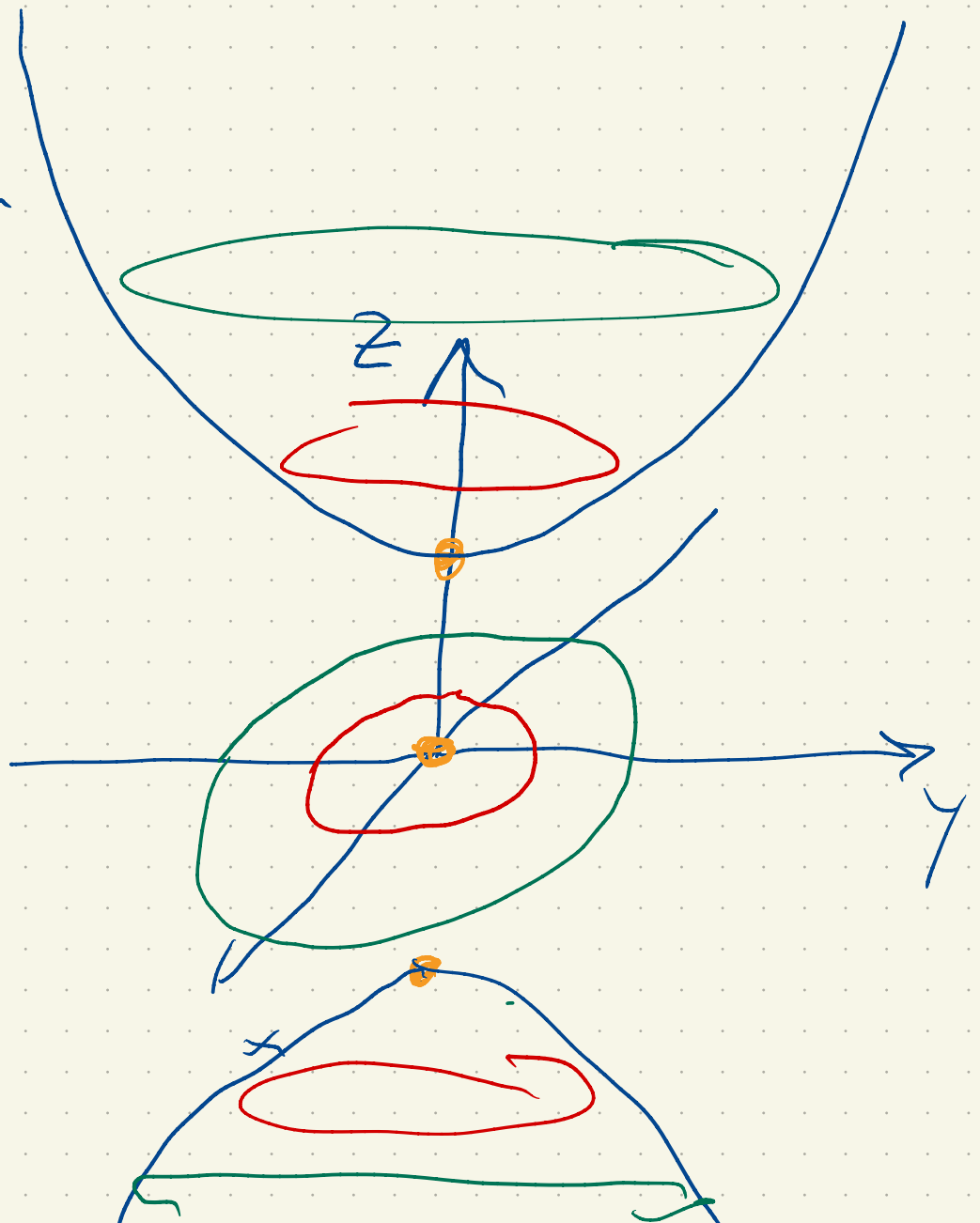
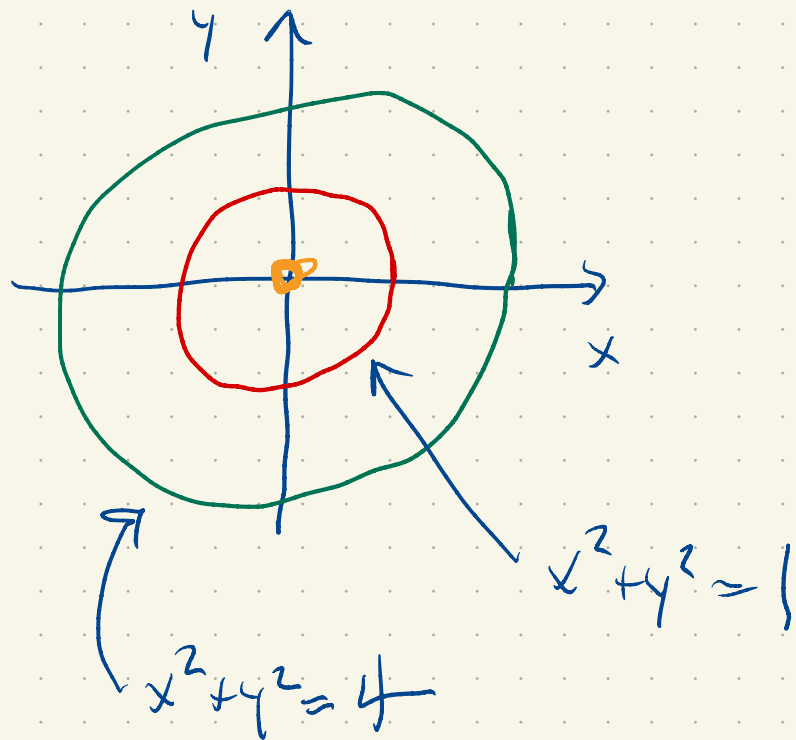
Two sheeted  
hyperboloid.



$$z^2 - x^2 - y^2 = 1$$

$$z^2 = 1 + x^2 + y^2$$

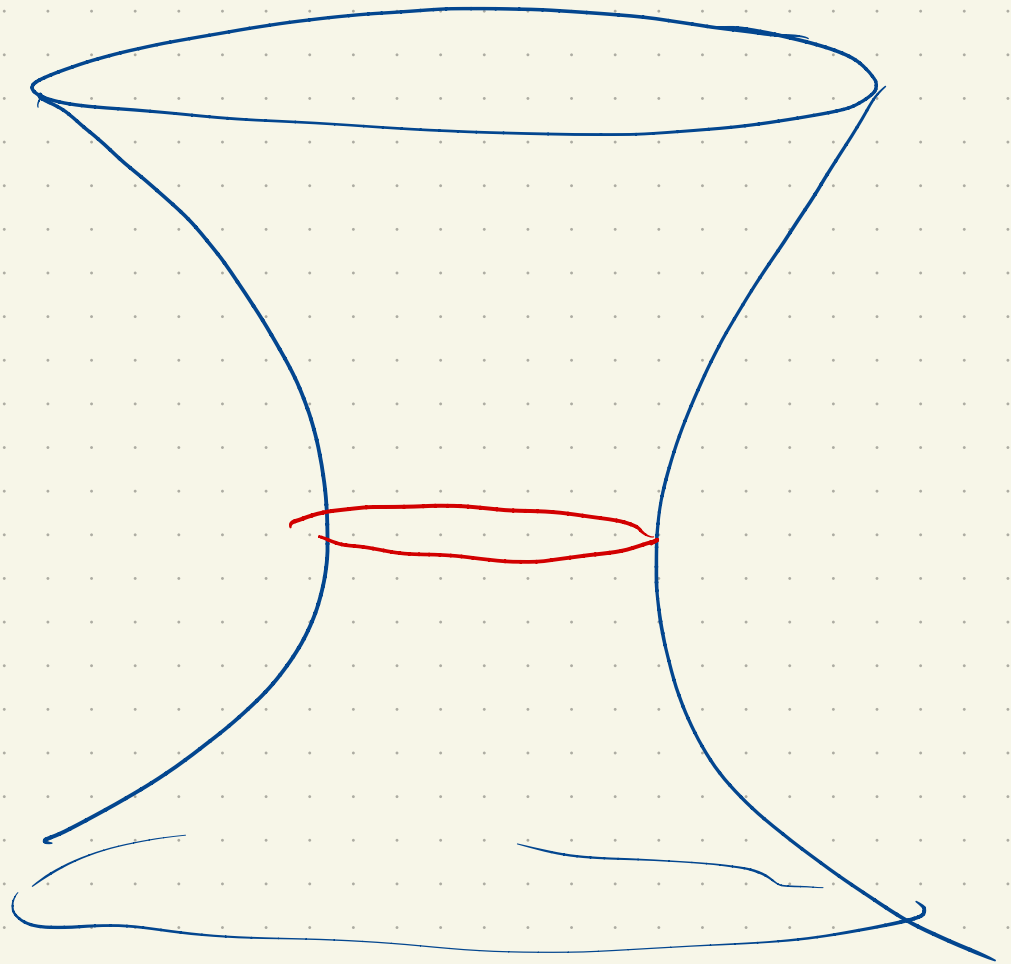
$$z = \pm \sqrt{1 + x^2 + y^2}$$



$$z^2 - x^2 - y^2 = -1$$

$$z^2 = x^2 + y^2 - 1$$

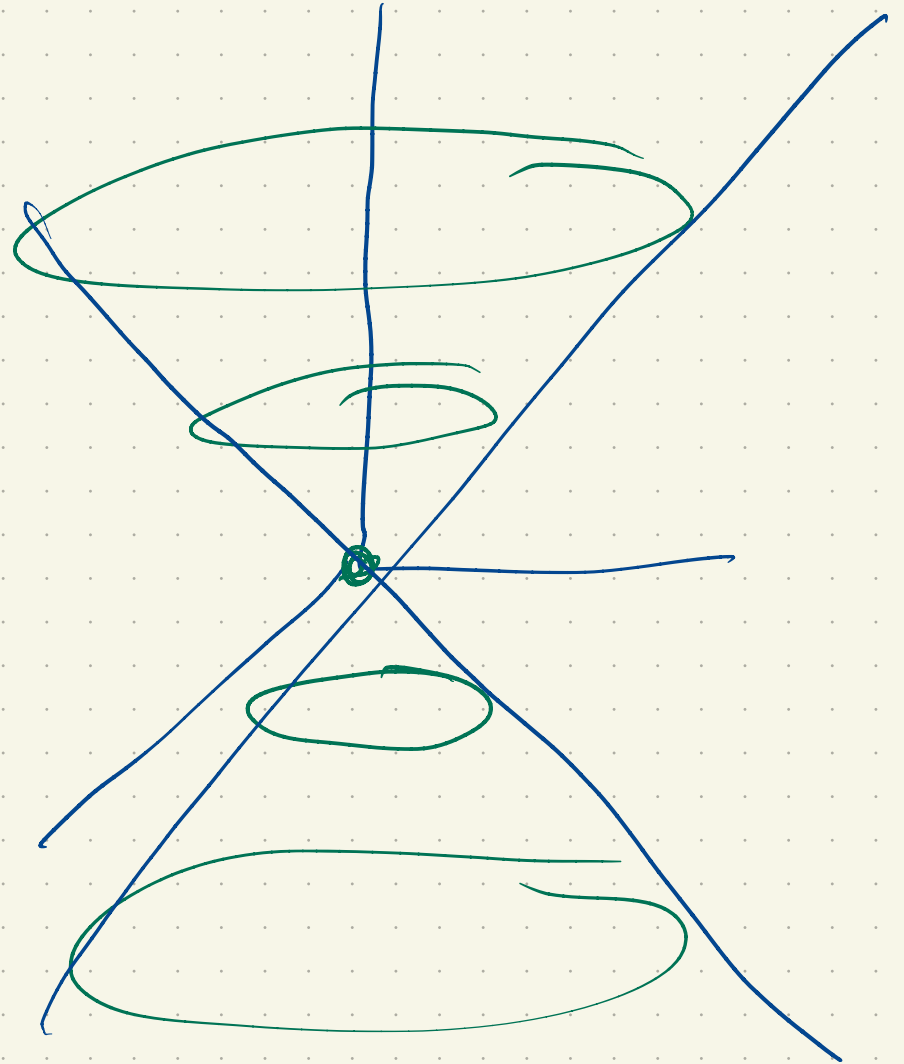
one sheeted  
hyperboloid



$$z^2 - x^2 - y^2 = 0$$

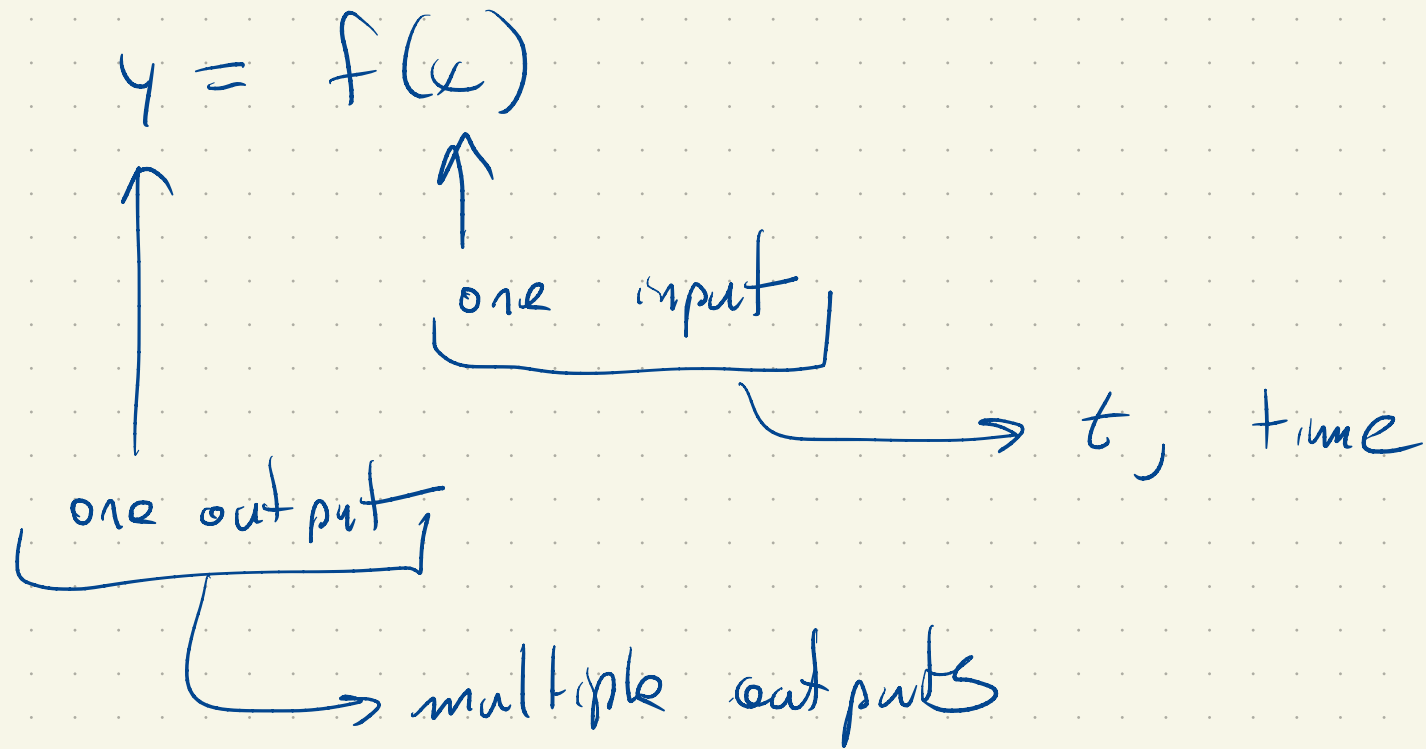
$$z^2 = x^2 + y^2$$

$$z = \pm \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$



# 3.1 Vector valued functions

Space curves



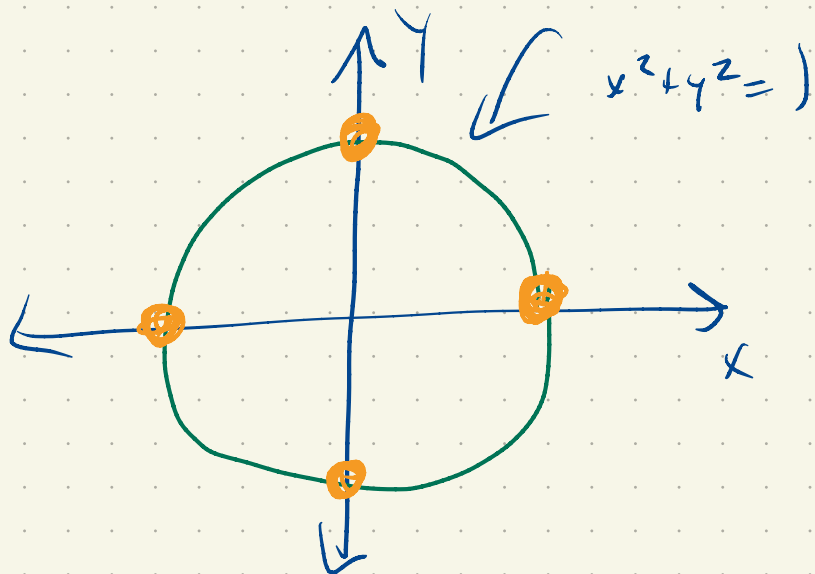
Position as a function of time

$$x(t), y(t), z(t)$$

$$\vec{r}(t) = \langle x(t), y(t), z(t) \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}(t) = \langle \underbrace{\cos(t)}_x, \underbrace{\sin(t)}_y, \underbrace{0}_{z=0} \rangle$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$



$$t = 0, 2\pi \quad \vec{r} = \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle$$

$$t = \pi/2 \quad \vec{r} = \langle 0, 1, 0 \rangle$$

$$t = \pi \quad \vec{r} = \langle -1, 0, 0 \rangle$$

$$t = \frac{3\pi}{2} \quad \vec{r} = \langle 0, -1, 0 \rangle$$



$$\vec{r}(t) = \langle \underset{x}{\cos(2t)}, \underset{y}{\sin(2t)}, \underset{z}{0} \rangle$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$\vec{r}(0) = \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}(\pi) = \langle \cos(2\pi), \sin(2\pi), 0 \rangle$$

$$= \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle$$