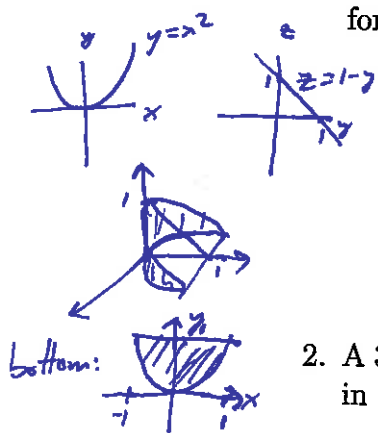


1. A 3-d region Q is bounded by the surfaces $y = x^2$, $z = 0$, and $z = 1 - y$. Give appropriate limits to express $\iiint_Q f(x, y, z) dV$ as an iterated integral. (You can't evaluate the integral, since you aren't given a formula for f .)



$$\int_{-1}^1 \int_{x^2}^{1-x^2} \int_0^{1-y} f(x, y, z) dz dy dx$$

(or $\int_0^1 \int_{-\sqrt{y}}^{\sqrt{y}} \int_0^{1-y} f(x, y, z) dz dx dy$)

2. A 3-d region Q is the quarter of the inside of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$ in which $y \geq 0$ and $z \geq 0$.

- (a) Using spherical coordinates, give an iterated integral to compute

$$\iiint_Q z dV.$$

$$\int_0^\pi \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^2 \underbrace{\rho \cos \phi}_z \underbrace{\rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\phi d\theta}_{dV}$$

$$= \int_0^\pi \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^2 \rho^3 \cos \phi \sin \phi d\rho d\phi d\theta$$

- (b) Evaluate the integral in part (a).

$$\iiint_Q z dV = \int_0^\pi \int_0^{\pi/2} \left. \frac{\rho^4}{4} \cos \phi \sin \phi \right|_{\rho=0}^2 d\phi d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^\pi \int_0^{\pi/2} 4 \cos \phi \sin \phi d\phi d\theta = \int_0^\pi 2 \sin^2 \phi \Big|_0^{\pi/2} d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^\pi 2 d\theta = 2\pi$$