

Cubic Spline Interpolation

For $2 \leq k \leq n-1$

$$\beta_k = \frac{\Delta x_k}{6}; \quad \alpha_{k-1} = \frac{1}{3}(\Delta x_{k-1} + \Delta x_k)$$

$$\beta_{k-1}z_{k-2} + \alpha_{k-1}z_{k-1} + \beta_k z_{k+1} = \Delta\Delta f_k$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & * \\ * & \beta_1 & \alpha_1 & \beta_2 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & \beta_2 & \alpha_2 & \beta_3 & 0 & \dots & \dots \\ \vdots & 0 & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & \beta_{n-1} & \alpha_{n-1} & \beta_n & \dots \\ * & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & * \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} z_0 \\ z_1 \\ \vdots \\ z_{n-1} \\ z_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} * \\ \Delta\Delta f_1 \\ \vdots \\ \Delta\Delta f_{n-1} \\ * \end{pmatrix}$$

Upshot: If the spline has continuous first and second derivatives at the interior nodes, then the second derivatives z_k satisfy the above system. This almost determines the z_k 's up to two additional conditions that you get to specify.

Supplemental Conditions

Natural: $z_0 = 0$ and $z_n = 0$. Alternatively, you can specify your favorite values for the second derivatives at the endpoint nodes.

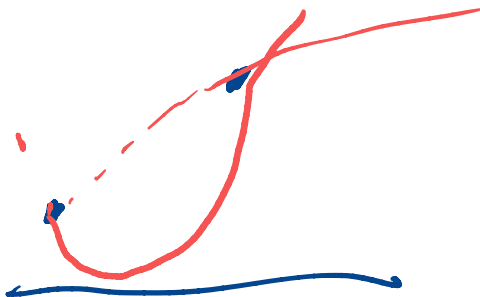
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Complete: You get to specify the derivatives at x_0 and x_n .

$$s'_1(x_0) = \frac{\Delta f_1}{\Delta x_1} - z_0 \frac{1}{3} \Delta x_1 - \frac{1}{6} z_1 \Delta x_1$$

$$s'_n(x_n) = \frac{\Delta f_n}{\Delta x_n} - z_{n-1} \frac{1}{3} \Delta x_n - \frac{1}{6} z_n \Delta x_n$$



$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} \Delta x_1 & \frac{1}{6} \Delta x_1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} z_0 \\ z_1 \\ \vdots \\ z_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\Delta f_1}{\Delta x_1} - s'(x_0) \\ * \\ \vdots \\ * \end{pmatrix}$$

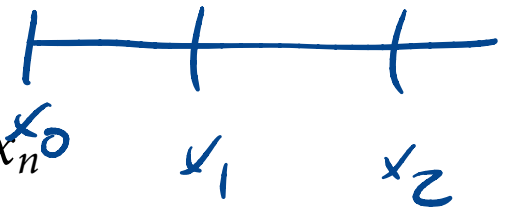
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$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} \Delta x_1 & \frac{1}{6} \Delta x_1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} z_0 \\ z_1 \\ \vdots \\ z_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\Delta f_1}{\Delta x_1} - s'(x_0) \\ * \\ \vdots \\ * \end{pmatrix}$$

Not-a knot Third derivatives exist at x_1, x_{n-1} . No information explicit at x_0 or x_1 . On interval k ,

$$s'''(x) = \frac{z_k - z_{k-1}}{\Delta x_k}$$

$$\frac{z_1 - z_0}{\Delta x_1} = \frac{z_2 - z_1}{\Delta x_2}$$

which gives a condition on z_0, z_1 and z_2 .